

April 2024

Stonebridge News

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Celebrating April

Lawn and Garden Month

Humor Month

Welding Month

Laugh at Work Week

April 1–7

National Volunteer Week

April 21–27

Peanut Butter and Jelly Day

April 2

World Rat Day

April 4

Teflon Day

April 6

National Gardening Day

April 14

Take a Wild Guess Day

April 15

Earth Day

April 22

Talk Like Shakespeare Day

April 23

International Jazz Day

April 30

Tartan Tales

Scottish American Heritage Month is a time to don kilts, hum to the tunes of bagpipes, and celebrate the rich tapestry woven by Scottish immigrants in the fabric of American history. Rewind to the 17th and 18th centuries, and picture the adventurous Scots sailing across the Atlantic to the promising landscapes of Canada and the United States. They sought refuge from religious persecution, economic hardships, and land scarcity. Political unrest, coupled with the promise of religious freedom and better prospects, were incentives for many Scots to pursue a fresh start in the New World.

The spirited settlers didn't just plant their flags; they wove their culture into the fabric of their new homes. From Nova Scotia to North Carolina, they created communities that echoed the hills of Scotland. They didn't leave behind their love for haggis or the skirl of bagpipes; they infused these traditions into the heartbeat of American culture.

Fast forward to today, and you'll find echoes of Scottish influence in the very fiber of America. From the lilt of folk tunes to the thunder of athletes at Highland Games, their legacy lives on. The haunting, soulful whine of the bagpipes and the swirl of the tartans evoke a sense of kinship, reminding us of the indelible mark left by these pioneers.

Scottish American Heritage Month isn't just a nod to history; it's a celebration of resilience, tradition, and the merging of cultures. From their stories of fortitude to their rich cultural contributions, their legacy transcends time, resonating in the essence of the American spirit. This April, don your tartan, strike up the bagpipes, and celebrate the remarkable journey and enduring impact of the Scottish Americans who made this land their own. Raise a dram of whisky (or your favorite beverage) to salute the spirited Scots who helped shape America. Cheers to a heritage as rich and diverse as the Scottish landscape itself!

The Rise of Robots



From April 6–14, science and technology geeks will gather for RoboWeek 2024 to explore the future of robots and their place in society. Robots have long fascinated humans. Leonardo da Vinci may have been the first to envision a humanlike robot. The original Renaissance man, da Vinci was a painter, sculptor, inventor, and engineer. He

sketched his idea of a “mechanical knight” and engineered a suit of armor that could be moved by a system of pulleys and levers.

When does a simple machine become a robot? Robots often possess computers that enable them to sense the environment and react accordingly. Also, they are able to move, either by themselves or via remote control. In these ways, robots are truly intelligent machines. From R2-D2 and C-3PO of *Star Wars* to Rosie the robot maid in *The Jetsons*, robots have become an integral part of our vision of the future.

The word *robot* first appeared in 1920, when the Czech writer Karel Čapek wrote a play about a factory that makes humanlike android workers. The word *robot* in Czech means “serf labor,” “drudgery,” and “hard work.”

Today, companies are beginning to manufacture intelligent machines that perform many laborious household tasks. For example, the Roomba is a floor-cleaning robot about the size and shape of a round cake that moves independently around the room sucking up dirt. Sure, it may get stuck under the couch or miss some dirt in the corner, but it could make vacuums obsolete. A similar lawn-mowing robot, the Auto mower, cuts lawns by itself. Sensors keep it from running into lawn furniture, flowers, or pets. There are even robots with arms that can feed people with disabilities, and soft pillows with robot arms inside that can be remotely directed to contract, hugging whoever is holding the pillow.

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Your Leadership Team:

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Unraveling the Art of Tatting



While a handkerchief, table runner, doily, or collar made of intricate knotted lace appears nearly impossible to construct, the art of tatting is easy to learn. All you need to start tatting is thread, a

shuttle (a small device that helps guide a silk thread through loops into knots), and your two hands. Give it a try on April 1, International Tatting Day.

This decorative art form may have grown from the netting and ropework handmade by sailors and fishermen of olden times. Tatting became fashionable in the 1800s and enjoyed a surge in popularity during the 1950s and 1960s. Technology has usurped the handiwork required to make tatted lace, which means that handmade tatting is more precious than ever.

Savoring Art

April 13 is Slow Art Day. No, this doesn't mean you should draw pictures of turtles or molasses. It's just a day to spend some quality time with art, pondering the composition and closely contemplating the work.



For some, staring at a piece of art for 10 minutes or more may present a challenge. But Phil Terry, the founder of the slow art concept, discovered something highly rewarding when he spent hours studying two paintings in a New York City art museum one afternoon. He realized

he did not have to be a professional art critic to understand and appreciate art.

How does looking slowly at a piece of art heighten the experience? In the good old days, the expert craftsmanship of products was appreciated. Modern culture places an emphasis on mass production, often at the hands of unskilled craftspeople or in mechanized factories. One of the major benefits of slow art is appreciating the amazing expert craftsmanship it takes to make a work of art. Taking the time to really look at art allows us to appreciate each brushstroke, the choice of materials, and the step-by-step process of creating a work of art. With this heightened awareness of craftsmanship comes a deeper emotional connection to the artwork.

Museums around the world have embraced the slow art movement, and on April 13, many will offer tours that visit only a few works of art. These tours end with lunch, where visitors can discuss what they saw and how the art affected them. But Terry is quick to point out that Slow Art Day isn't confined to just museums. Taking the time to appreciate art can happen anywhere, from sculpture gardens to city parks to historic houses. In essence, Terry is simply repeating the old maxim "Stop and smell the roses." These roses just happen to be in a museum.

April is the month of April Fool's Day! Here are a few jokes to tell your friends!

- Why couldn't the bike stand up? It was two-tired.
- Why can't leopards hide? They're always spotted.
- Did you hear about the book on glue? You can't put it down.
- Why can't you surprise mountains? Because they're always peaking.



Julie's Corner

Dear YSSB Residents, Families, Team Members, and Visitors,

I hope this message finds each of you in good health and high spirits.

In times of uncertainty, it's essential to take a moment to reflect on the strength and resilience that binds us together as a community. I am constantly reminded of the privilege it is to be part of this journey alongside you all, providing care, support, and encouragement each day.

Life has a way of throwing unexpected challenges our way, but witnessing the unwavering determination and resilience within our community never fails to inspire me. Your strength in facing adversity is truly remarkable, and it serves as a beacon of hope for us all. Amidst the busyness of life, it's crucial to remember the importance of self-care. Taking the time to nurture your own well-being not only rejuvenates your spirit but also enables you to provide the best care possible to your loved ones. As we embrace the season of spring and all the new life it brings, let us also cultivate a sense of gratitude for the blessings that surround us each day. Thank you for entrusting us with your care and for being an integral part of our community. Together, we will continue to navigate life's journey with strength, resilience, and compassion.

Warm regards,

Julie Treakle

"Let us acknowledge the LORD; let us press on to acknowledge him. [As surely as the sun rises, he will appear; he will come to us like the winter rains, like the spring rains that water the earth.](#)"¹ Hosea 6:30

For the Love of Birds



Many have heard of the Audubon Society and know it as an environmental organization dedicated to studying and preserving birds and their natural habitats. The organization is named after John James Audubon, the French American painter of birds who dedicated his

life to his unique art. His birthday, April 26, is now celebrated as Audubon Day.

Audubon showed an affinity for birds starting in childhood. He spent hours roaming the countryside, collecting birds' nests and eggs, and drawing them once he returned home. Audubon's father was a sailor and hoped his son would join the navy, so John James went to military school. However, he suffered from seasickness and so returned to the woods.

In 1803, the Napoleonic Wars broke out in France. Audubon's father obtained a fake passport and sent John James to America to avoid the war. It was at his family's farm in Pennsylvania that Audubon devoted himself full-time to the outdoors: hunting, fishing, and drawing birds.

Audubon was obsessed with birds. In an effort to study their habits, he tied string around their legs to see if they returned year after year. He learned the art of taxidermy and worked in natural museums. But his greatest contribution to ornithology was his brilliant book *Birds of America*. He dedicated his life to drawing every single bird in America. His style was new and different: a highly detailed drawing of each bird, more accurate than ever before. His drawings were life-sized, with some pages over three feet tall and two feet wide. After 14 years of traveling the entire country, Audubon drew over 700 species of birds. *Birds of America* is often considered the greatest picture book ever made, and original copies have sold for over \$10 million. How's that for a nest egg?

April Birthdays

If you were born between April 1–19, you are Aries, the Ram. These independent adventurers like to strike out on their own and are natural leaders. Their enthusiasm and confidence give them big, outgoing personalities. Those born between April 20–30 are Bulls of Taurus. Bulls show a steady persistence in endeavors both professional and personal, and after working hard, they like to reward themselves for a job well done.

Emmylou Harris (musician) – April 2, 1947
 Marlon Brando (actor) – April 3, 1924
 James D. Watson (scientist) – April 6, 1928
 Jackie Chan (actor) – April 7, 1954
 Beverly Cleary (author) – April 12, 1916
 Queen Elizabeth II (royalty) – April 21, 1926
 Barbra Streisand (entertainer) – April 24, 1942
 Kelly Clarkson (singer) – April 24, 1982
 Jay Leno (comedian) – April 28, 1950
 Duke Ellington (pianist) – April 29, 1899

Major League Debut



On April 15, 1947, Jackie Robinson played his first major league baseball game with the Brooklyn Dodgers against the Boston Braves in front of a crowd of 25,000 spectators at Ebbets Field in Brooklyn. This marked the first moment that an African

American athlete played a sport in any of the major leagues.

Robinson did not get a hit that day, but he was awarded the first ever Rookie of the Year title that year. In 1949, he was named the National League's Most Valuable Player. The next year, he became the Dodgers' highest paid player with a salary of \$35,000. In 1955, Robinson led the Dodgers to a World Series victory over the New York Yankees. A perennial All-Star and Hall of Famer, Robinson's number 42 was retired by all of baseball on April 15, 1997.